

SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I—Fired by the news of the shking of the Lustiania by a German submarine, Arthur Guy Empsy, an Ameri-can, leaves his office in Jersey City and gues to England where he enlists in the British army.

CHAPTER II—After a period of train-less Empsy submisers for immediate serv-

ing. Empey volunteers for immediate service and soon finds himself in rest billots "somewhere in France," where he first makes the acquaintance of the ever-present "cootles."

CHAPTER III-Empey attends his first CHAPTER III—Empey attends his first church services at the front while a German Folkier circles over the congregation.
CHAPTER IV—Empey's command goes into the front-line trenches and is under fire for the first time.
CHAPTER V—Empey learns to adopt the motto of the firtish Tommy, "If you are going to get it, you'll get it, so never worry."

worry."

CHAPTER VI-Back in rest billets, Empey gets his first experience as a mess

CHAPTER VII-Empey learns how the British soldiers are fed. CHAPTER VIII-Back in the front-line trench, Empey sees his first friend of the trenches "go West."

CHAPTER IX—Empey makes his first visit to a dugcut in "Suicide Ditch." CHAPTER X—Empey learns what con-stitutes a "day's work" in the front-line

CHAPTER XI-Empey goes "over the top" for the first time in a charge on the German trenches and is wounded by a bayonet thrust.

CHAPTER XII—Empey joins the "sui-cide club" as the bembing squad is called. CHAPTER XIII—Each Tommy gets an official bath. CHAPTER XIV-Empey helps dig an advanced trench under German fire.

CHAPTER XV-On "listening post" in No Man's Land. CHAPTER XVI-Two artillerymen "put one over" on Old Pepper, their regimental commander,

CHAPTER XVII-Empey has narrow es-cape while on patrol duty in No Man's Land.

CHAPTER XVIVI—Back in rest billets Empey writes and stages a farce comedy. CHAPTER NIX—Soldiers have many ways to amuse themselves while "on their own."

CHAPTER XX-Empey volunteers for machine gun service and goes back into the arout-line trenches.

CHAPTER XXI-Empey again goes "over the top" in a charge which cost his company 17 killed and 31 wounded, CHAPTER XXII-Trick with a machine

CHAPTER XXIII-German attack, pre-ceded by gas wave, is regulæd. CHAPTER XXIV-Empey is forced to take part in an execution as a member of the firing squad.

of the nring squad.

CHAPTER XXV-British prepare for the Big Push-the battle of the Somme.

CHAPTER XXVI-In a trench raid, preceding the Big Push, Empey is desperately wounded and lies unconscious in No Man's Land for 16 hours. CHAPTER XXVII-After four months in a British hospital, Empey is discharged in a British hospital, Empey is discharged as "physically unfit for further war serv-

CHAPTER I.

From Muftl to Khakl.

It was in an office in Jersey City. I was sitting at my deak talking to a Heutenant of the Jersey National Guard. Oa the wall was a big war map decorated with variously colored little flags showing the position of the opposing armies on the western front in France. In front of me on the desk lay a New York paper with big flaring

LUSITANIA SUNK! AMERICAN LIVES LOST!

The windows were open and a feeling of spring pervaded the air. Through the open windows came the damage?" strains of a hurdy-gurdy playing in the street-"I Didn't Raise My Boy to Be a Soldler."

"Lusitania Sunk! American Lives Lost!"-"I Didn't Raise My Boy to Be a Soldier." To us these did not them again." seem to jibe.

The lieutenant in silence opened one the passersby, I decided to go on my of the lower drawers of his desk and own in search of ruined buildings and took from it an American flag which scenes of destruction. I boarded a bus he solemnly draped over the war map which carried me through Tottenham on the wall. Then, turning to me with Court road. Recruiting posters were a grim face, said:

"How about it, sergeant? You had me most was a life-size picture of better get out the muster roll of the Lord Kitchener with his finger point-Mounted Scouts, as I think they will ing directly at me, under the caption be needed in the course of a few days," of "Your King and Country Need You."

We busied curselves till late in the No matter which way I turned, the evening writing out emergency tele- accusing finger followed me. I was grams for the men to report when the an American, in muftl, and had a little call should come from Washington. American flag in the lapel of my coat. Then we went home.

I crossed over to New York, and as seen fit not to need me, but still that I went up Fulton street to take the pointing finger made me feel small and subway to Brooklyn, the lights in the III at ease. I got off the bus to try tall buildings of New York seemed to to dissipate this feeling by mixing be burning brighter than usual, as if with the throng of the sidewalks. they, too, had read "Lusitania Sunk! Presently I came to a recruiting of-American Lives Lost!" They seemed fice. Inside, sitting at a desk was a to be glowing with anger and righteous lonely Tommy Atkins. I decided to interview him in regard to joining the indignation, and their rays wigwagged the message, "Repay !"

British army. I opened the door. He Months passed, the telegrams lying looked up and greeted me with "I s'y, handy, but covered with dust. Then, myte, want to tyke on?" one momentous morning the Heutenant I looked at him and answered, "Well, with a sigh of disgust removed the whatever that is, I'll take a chance flag from the war map and returned at it."

you know. Yahks are supposed to know saying: everything, so I was not going to ap-

passport, he informed me that he was | age and I'll have you enlisted." sorry but could not enlist me, as it He yawned and answered, "I don't would be a breach of neutrality. I care it you came forty thousand miles, insisted that I was not neutral, be no one asked you to," and he walked American could not be neutral when I was speechless. big things were in progress, but the eaptain would not enlist me.

With disgust in my heart I went out in the street. I had gone about a stant in the world, but it got back at block when a recruiting sergeant who the officer who had told me, "Yes, we had followed me out of the office take anything over here." I had been tapped me on the shoulder with his swagger stick and said; "S'y, I can time in the saloon bar of the Wheat get you in the army. We have a 'lef- Sheaf pub (there was a very attractive tenant' down at the other office who blonde barmald, who helped kill timecan do anything. He has just come I was not as serious in those days as out of the O. T. C. (Officers' Training I was a little later when I reached corps) and does not know what nou- the front)-well, it was the sixth day trality is." I decided to take a chance, and accepted his invitation for an in- I was getting low in the pocket-bartroduction to the Heutenant. I entered maids haven't much use for anyone the office and went up to him, opened who cannot buy drinks—so I looked up my passport and said:

"Before going further I wish to state that I am an American, not too proud to fight, and want to join your army." He looked at me in a nonchalant manner, and answered, "That's all right; we take anything over here."

I looked at him kind of hard and replied, "So I notice," but it went over his head.

He got out an entistment blank, and placing his finger on a blank line said, "Sign here,"

I answered, "Not on your tintype,"

"I beg your pardon?" Then I explained to him that I would not sign it without first reading it. I read it over and signed for duration of war. Some of the recruits were lucky. They signed for seven years only!

Guy Empey.

to his desk. I immediately followed

this action by throwing the telegrams

into the wastebasket. Then we looked

at each other in silence. He was

squirming in his chair and I felt de-

The telephone rang and I answered

It. It was a business call for me, re-

strong force within me, and answered

"I am sorry that I cannot accept your

offer, but I am leaving for England

next week," and hung up the receiver.

The lieutenant swung around in his

chair, and stared at me in blank aston-

ishment, A staking sensation came

over me, but I defiantly answered his

look with, "Well, It's so, I'm going."

The trip across was uneventful. I

landed at Tilbury, England, then got

Into a string of matchbox cars and

proceeded to London, arriving there

about 10 p. m. I took a room in a hotel

near St. Pancras station for "five and

six-fire extra." The room was minus

out into the street expecting to see

street, I accosted a Bobble with:

damage caused by the Zeps."

With a wink he replied:

He asked me, "What damage?"

In surprise, I answered, "Why, the

everywhere. The one that impressed

I had no king, and my country had

pressed and uneasy.

And I went.

Then he asked me my birthplace. I answered, "Ogden, Utah." He said, "Oh, yes, just outside of

New York?" With a smile, I replied, "Well, it's up

the state a little." questing my services for an out-of-Then I was taken before the doctor town assignment. Business was not and passed as physically fit, and was very good, so this was very welcome. Issued a uniform. When I reported After listening to the proposition I back to the lieutenant, he suggested seemed to be swayed by a peculiarly that, being an American, I go on reervice and try to sh

of the slackers into joining the army." "All you have to do," he said, "Is to go out on the street, and when you see young fellow in mufti who looks physically fit, just stop him and give him this kind of a talk: 'Aren't you ashamed of yourself, a Britisher, physically fit, and in mufti when your king and country need you? Don't you know that your country is at war and that the place for every young Briton Is on the firing line? Here I am, an here." American, in khakl, who came four and country, and you, as yet, have not ing.



Swearing in a Recruit.

enlisted. Why don't you join? Now is the time." "This argument ought to get many

recruits, Empey, so go out and see what you can do." He then gave me a small rosette of red, white and blue ribbon, with three little strenmers hanging down. This

was the recruiting insignia and was to be worn on the left side of the cap. Armed with a swagger stick and my patriotic rosette, I went out into Tottenham Court road in quest of cannon fodder. Two or three poorly dressed civil-

inns passed me, and although they appeared physically fit. I said to myself, "They den't want to join the army; perhaps they have someone dependent on them for support," so I did not accost them.

Coming down the street I saw a young dandy, top hat and all, with a wide canvas straps like suspenders, built of his, they would pay only a will continue in force."

Without the aid of an interpreter, I fashionably dressed girl walking be- called "D" straps, fastened to the belt found out that Tommy wanted to know site him. I muttered, "You are my in front, passing over each shoulder, the gleomity drew the blank nearer if I cared to Join the British army. He noat," and when he came abreast of crossing in the middle of my back, and asked me: "Did you ever hear of the mo I stepped directly in his path and attached by buckles to the rear of the that it asked for. Royal Fusiliers?" Well, in London, stopped him with my swagger stick, belt. On the right side of the belt

He asked my nationality, I immedi- Unth, just outside of New York, to ately pulled out my American passport fight for your king and country. Don't by Lansing. After looking at the form; come over to the recruiting of-

I recruited for three weeks and nearly got one recruit.

This perhaps was not the greatest spending a good lot of my recruiting and my recruiting report was blank. around for recruiting material. You know a man on recruiting service gets a "bob" or shilling for every recruit he entices into joining the army, the recruit is supposed to get this, but he would not be a recruit if he were wise to this fact, would he?

Down at the end of the bar was h young fellow in mufti who was very patriotic-he had about four "Old Six" ales aboard. He asked me if he could Join, showed me his left hand. two fingers were missing, but I said that did not matter as "we take anything over here." The left hand is the rifle hand as the piece is carried at the slope on the left shoulder. Neurly everything in England is "by the left," even general traffic keeps to the

port side. I took the applicant over to headquarters, where he was hurrledly exnmined. Recruiting surgeons were busy in those days and did not have much time for thorough physical examinations. My recruit was passed as "fit" by the doctor and turned over to a corporal to make note of his scars. I was mystified. Suddenly the corporal burst out with, "Blime me, two of rations, and can you blame Tommy for drew itself through the window, and his fingers are gone." Turning to me he said, "You certainly have your nerve with you, not 'aif you ain't, to bring this beggnr in."

The doctor came over and exploded, "What do you mean by bringing in a man in this condition?"

Looking out of the corner of my eye I noticed that the officer who had recruited me had joined the group, and I could not help answering, "Well, sir, I was told that you took anything over

I think they called it "Yankee imthousand miles to fight for your king pudence," anyhow it ended my recruit-

CHAPTER II.

Blighty to Rest Billets. The next morning the captain sent for me and informed me: "Empey, as a recruiting sergeant you are a washout," and sent me to a training depot. After arriving at this place, I was hustled to the quartermaster stores and received an awful shock. The quartermaster sergeant spread a waterproof sheet on the ground and commenced throwing a miscellaneous assortment of straps, buckles and other paraphernalia into it. I thought he would never stop, but when the pile renched to my knees he paused long enough to say, "Next, No. 5217, 'Arris,

B company." I gazed in bewilderment at the pile of junk in front of me, and then my eyes wandered around looking for the wagon which was to carry it to barracks, I was rudely brought to earth by the "quarter" exclaiming, "Ere, you, 'op it; tyke it aw'y; blind my eyes, 'e's looking for 'ls batman to 'elp 'im carry it." Struggling under the load, with frequent pauses for rest, I reached our and seventeen) were where they could barracks (large car barns), and my

assembled the equipment. After he had completed the task, he showed me how to adjust it on my person. Pretty soon I stood before him a proper Tommy Atkins in heavy marching order, feeling like an overloaded camel.

On my feet were heavy-soled boots, studded with hobnails, the toes and steel half-moons. My legs were incolor, with my trousers overlapping eon on his way home from the club. them at the top. Then a woolen khaki

hung a water bottle, covered with felt;

"You would look fine in khakl; why on the left side was my bayonet and pear ignorant and answered, "Sure." not change that top hat for a steel scabbard, and intrenching tool handle, After listening for one half-hour to he/met? Aren't you ashamed of your- this handle strapped to the bayonet Tommy's tale of their exploits on the solf, a busky young chap like you in scabbard. In the rear was my infiring line, I decided to join. Tommy muftl when men are needed in the trenching tool, carried in a canvas case. took me to the recruiting headquarters, tranches? Here I am, an American, This tool was a combination pick and where I met a typical English captain. come four thousand miles from Ogden, spade. A canvas baversack was strapped to the left side of the belt. while on my back was the pack, also and showed it to him. It was signed be a sincker, buck up and get into uni- of canvas, held in place by two canvas straps over the shoulders; suspended on the bottom of the pack was my mess tin or centeen in a neat little canvas case. My waterproof sheet,

looking like a jelly roll, was strapped cause to me it seemed that a real | 64. The girl gave me a sneering look; on top of the pack, with a wooden stick for cleaning the breach of the rifle projecting from each end. On a lanyard around my waist hung a huge jackknife with a can-opener attachment. The pack contained my overcoat, an extra pair of socks, change of underwenr, hold all (containing knife, fork,

> with "Made in England" stamped on the blade; when trying to shave with ing \$720 more. this it made you wish that you were at war with Patagonia, so that you teen hundred and thirty-four dollars. could have a "hollow ground" stamped "Made in Germany"); then your housewife, button-cleaning outfit, consisting brushes, and a box of "Soldiers" Friend" paste; then a shee brush and as well as mine!" a box of dubbin, a writing pad, indelible pencil, envelopes, and pay book, and personal belongings, such as a small mirror, a decent razor and a sheaf of unanswered letters, and fags. In your haversack you carry your fron rations, meaning a tin of bully beef, four biscuits and a can containing tea. sugar and Oxo cubes; a couple of

Add to this a first-aid pouch and a long, ungainly rifle patterned after the Daniel Boone period, and you have an iden of a British soldier in Blighty.

Before leaving for France, this rifle is taken from him and he is issued with a Lee-Enfield short trench rifle

and a ration bag. In France he receives two gas helmets, a sheepskin cont, rubber mack-

Having served as sergeant major in the United States cavalry, I tried to tell the English drill sergeants their business, but it did not work. They immediately put me as batman in their mess. Many a greasy dish of stew was

accidentally spilled over them. I would somer fight than be a waiter, so when the order came through from headquarters calling for a draft of 250 re-enforcements for France, I volunteered.

(To Be Continued)

MR. SIMPKINS PAYS HIS INCOME TAX

By ROBERT McBLAIR.

Mr. Simpkins gazed at the portrait on the wall till his eyes filled with tears. It was a portrait of his father. Colonel Simpkins, who had four times been promoted for valor during the Civil War and had died bravely on the field of action. Mr. Simpkins' throat ached now for two reasons: First, he reverenced and adored the memory of his father; secondly, his age and his eyes and his game leg wouldn't let him go to war himself. And as he observed the martial bearing and uncompromising gaze of Colonel Simpkins he saw, in imagination, the khaki-clad lads of the new generation marching forth and crossing three thousand miles of sea to fight, maybe die, for liberty. Mr. Simpkins peered around to make

sure that neither Bess nor John (who were at the tensing ages of sixteen see him, then he straightened and platoon leader come to the rescue. It threw his right arm up for a salute, was a marvel to me how quickly he But his gonty shoulder twinged, and he grouned. He couldn't even salute.

"Damn!" said Mr. Simpkins, and with his other hand flercely twirled his white mustachios. He turned and limped into the li-

brary and sat down creaklly before the mahogany desk on which were lying the blanks for his income tax stateheels of which were re-enforced by ment, blanks which he had rather grumpily got from the Internal Revecased in woolen puttees, olive drab in | nue officer only that day after lunch-

Mr. Simpkins' income for 1917 had tunic, under which was a bluish gray amounted to just about \$15,000, and he woolen shirt, minus a collar; beneath had been rather snappy on the subthis shirt a woolen belly band about ject of taxes ever since he had discovsix inches wide, held in place by tie ered that the more income a man has strings of white tape. On my head the greater the percentage of it he was a heavy woolen trench cap, with pays in taxes. He could think of sevhuge earlaps buttoned over the top. eral men who, like himself, were mar-Then the equipment: A canvas belt, ried and had two children, and yet, with ammunition pockets, and two although their incomes were nearly

small fraction of the amount he paid, and began filling in the information

As Mr. Simpkins' Income was \$15,000 he had to figure out the amounts payable on each of the successive smaller classes of incomes in order to arrive at the total due from himself. He onssed over the first class who must pay taxes, that is, single men making over 1,000. His calculation for married men then showed up as follows:

First, they pay 2 per cent. (under the 1916 law) on all income over \$4,000, deducting \$200 for each of their children under eighteen years. In Mr. Simpkins' case this was \$212, which he put down in the "payable" column.

He saw next that, under the 1917 law, married men pay an additional 2 per cent, on all over \$2,000-with the same allowance for children. This added \$252 to his "payable" column.

He then observed that for every \$2,500 Jump in his income over \$5,000 he had to pay a Surtax, the percentage growing larger with each jump. This was \$250 more added to his burden, spoon, comb, toothbrush, lather brush. And on top of all this came an "Excoss Profits" tax of 8 per cent, on all shaving soap, and a razor made of tin. "eccupation" income over \$6,000, mak-

The total, then, he must pay was four-

"Whew!" exclaimed Mr. Simpkins angrily. "There's young Henry Wilkins, who married Jake Johnson's girl, of a brass button stick, two stiff he makes \$2,000 and he doesn't pay a cent of taxes. I guess this is his war

Thinking of young Henry Wilkins, he remembered that Mrs. Wilkins went every afternoon to make bundages for the Red Cross and that Henry, who was a lawyer, was alding the Local Dra't Roard with its questionnaires.

"Well," he admitted to himself, that makes a difference." He thought next of Judge Willough-

pipes and a pack of shag, a tin of rifle by, whose income was about \$3,000, "He only pays \$20," commented Mr. olt, and a pull-through. Tommy generally carries the oil with his rations: Sampkins, not quite so angrily this it gives the cheese a sort of sardine time; and then a thought struck him and he sat up rigidly in his chair.

Judge Willoughby's son had been drowned on the Tuscania when it was submarined with the loss of two hundred soldiers,

"Judge Willoughby gave his son to America," muttered Mr. Simpkins, He leaned forward suddenly and put

his face in his hands, For a long time Mr. Simpkins sat very still in that position. There was intosh, steel helmet, two blankets, tear- no sound in the library except the shell goggles, a balaclava helmet, ticking of the tall clock and an occagloves and a tin of antifrostbite grease slount trill of laughter from the chilwhich is excellent for greasing the dren skylarking upstairs. The square boots. Add to this the weight of his of light on the carpet gradually withgrowling at a twenty-kilo route march? first twilight and then darkness settled In about the quiet, white haired, some-

times irascible old man, Mr. Simpkins was thinking things which he would never afterward speak of, he was thinking things that were too sacred ever to be pur into words. But some inkling of his thoughts may he found in his rejoinder to Mrs. Simpkins when that placid lady came in and turned on the lights, and asked him whether he was rendy for dinner,

"Judge Willoughby's only son was worth as much as fourteen hundred and thirty-four dollars, wasn't he?" Mr. Simpkins demanded of her. As his wife, who was not unused to

his superficial irritations, vatched him in mild astonishment, Mr. Simpkins limped out to the hall and took his old felt hat and silver-headed cane from the hat rack. Letting himself out into the foggy evening, he tapped his way down to the corner, and mailed his income tax statement and check with his own hands. "Now, God be thanked," said Mr.

Simpkins as the lid clauked shut over his missive, "I can do his much for my country, anyhow."

Favor Minimum Price

Complaints from various sources have

reached the meat division of the United States Food Administration to the effect that producers felt the minimum price on hogs of \$15.50 per hundred weight on the basis of packers' droves at the Chicago market which the Food Administration had established at the request of growers for the purpose of stabulizing the market in the general policy of increasing production was detrimental to their interests. Joseph P. Cotton, head of the meat division, recently authorized the following state, "In my judgment that minimum

has been a sustaining element in prices of hogs. But in order to find out whether my judgment was well grounded, I decided upon a referendum. I therefore sought the advice of one hundred leading hog producers, editors of farm journals and presidents of live stock exchanges in the principal hog producing states.

"Answers to my requests have been overwhelmingly in favor of maintain. ing the minimum, only three answers expressing dissatisfaction with the plan have been received. The minimum